



EUROPEAN  
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ANNEX 5

## **ANNEX**

*to the*

### **Proposal for a Council Decision**

**on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Interim Agreement on Trade between the European Union, of the one part, and the Common Market of the South, the Argentine Republic, the Federative Republic of Brazil, the Republic of Paraguay and the Oriental Republic of Uruguay, of the other part**

## INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO PRODUCT SPECIFIC RULES

### Note 1

#### General principles

1. This Annex sets out the general rules for the applicable requirements of Annex 3-B provided for in point (c) of Article 3.2(1) and point (c) of Article 3.2(2).
2. For the purposes of this Annex and Annex 3-B, the requirements for a product to be originating in accordance with point (c) of Article 3.2(1) and point (c) of Article 3.2(2) are a change in tariff classification, a production process, a maximum value of non-originating materials or any other requirement specified in this Annex and Annex 3-B.
3. References to weight in a product specific rule of origin means the net weight, which is the weight of a material or a product not including the weight of packaging.
4. This Annex and Annex 3-B are based on the Harmonized System, as amended on 1 January 2017.

## Note 2

### Structure of Annex 3-B

1. Notes on sections, chapters, headings or subheadings shall be read in conjunction with the product specific rules of origin for the relevant section, chapter, heading or subheading.
2. Each product specific rule of origin set out in Column 2 of Annex 3-B applies to the corresponding product identified in Column 1 of Annex 3-B.
3. If a product is subject to alternative product specific rules of origin, the product shall be considered originating if it satisfies one of the alternatives set out for that product. If a product is subject to a product specific rule of origin that includes multiple requirements, the product shall be considered originating only if it satisfies all of the requirements.
4. For the purposes of this Annex and Annex 3-B the following definitions apply:
  - (a) "Chapter" means the first two digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System;
  - (b) "heading" means the first four digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System;

- (c) "Section" means a section of the Harmonized System; and
- (d) "subheading" means the first six digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System.

5. For the purposes of product specific rules of origin, the following abbreviations apply<sup>1</sup>:

- (a) "CC" means manufacture from non-originating materials of any chapter, except that of the product, or a change to the chapter, heading or subheading from any other chapter, meaning that all non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the product must undergo a change in tariff classification at the 2-digit level, namely a change in chapter of the Harmonized System;
- (b) "CTH" means manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading, except that of the product, or a change to the chapter, heading or subheading from any other heading, meaning that all non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the product must undergo a change in tariff classification at the 4-digit level, namely a change in heading of the Harmonized System; and

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<sup>1</sup> For greater certainty, if a requirement of a change in tariff classification provides as an exception for a change from certain chapters, headings or subheadings, none of the non-originating materials of those chapters, headings or subheadings may be used, individually or jointly.

- (c) "CTSH" means manufacture from non-originating materials of any subheading, except that of the product, or a change to the chapter, heading or subheading from any other subheading, meaning that all non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the product must undergo a change in tariff classification at the 6-digit level, namely a change in subheading of the Harmonized System.

#### Note 3

#### Application of Annex 3-B

1. Point (c) of Article 3.2(1) and point (c) of Article 3.2(2) concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, apply irrespective of whether or not this status has been acquired inside the same place of manufacture in a Party where those products are used.
2. If a product specific rule of origin provides that a specified non-originating material cannot be used or that the value or weight of a specified non-originating material cannot exceed a specific threshold, those requirements do not apply to non-originating materials classified elsewhere in the HS.

3. If a product specific rule of origin provides that a product is to be produced from a particular material, this does not prevent the use of other materials which cannot satisfy that requirement because of their inherent nature.

#### Note 4

##### Calculation of a maximum value of non-originating materials

1. For the purposes of product specific rules of origin, the following definitions apply:
  - (a) "customs value" means the value as determined in accordance with the Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of GATT 1994;
  - (b) "EXW" means:
    - (i) the ex-works price of the product paid or payable to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, if the price includes the value of all the materials used and all other costs incurred in the manufacture of a product minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported; or

- (ii) if there is no price paid or payable, or if the actual price paid does not reflect all costs related to the manufacture of the product which are actually incurred in the manufacture of a product, the value of all the materials used and all other costs incurred in the manufacture of the product in the exporting Party which:
  - (A) include selling, general and administrative expenses, as well as profit, that can be reasonably allocated to the product; and
  - (B) exclude the costs of freight, insurance, all other costs incurred in transporting the product and any internal taxes of the exporting Party which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (c) "MaxNOM" means the maximum value of non-originating materials expressed as a percentage; and
- (d) "VNM" means the value of non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the product, which is the customs value at the time of importation including freight, insurance if appropriate, packing and all the other costs incurred in transporting the materials to the importation port in the Party where the producer of the product is located.

If it is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the non-originating materials in either Party is used, which may exclude all costs incurred in transporting the non-originating materials within a Party, such as freight, insurance and packing costs as well as any other known and ascertainable cost incurred there.

2. For the calculation of MaxNOM, the following formula applies:

$$\text{MaxNOM}(\%) = \frac{\text{VNM}}{\text{EXW}} \times 100$$

Note 5

#### Definitions of terms used in Section XI of Annex 3-B

1. "Natural fibres" means fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. Their use is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres which have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun; "natural fibres" includes horsehair of heading 05.11, silk of headings 50.02 and 50.03, wool-fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 51.01 to 51.05, cotton fibres of headings 52.01 to 52.03, and other vegetable fibres of headings 53.01 to 53.05.
2. "Textile pulp", "chemical materials" and "paper-making materials" mean materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63 which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
3. "Man-made staple fibres" means synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste of headings 55.01 to 55.07.



4. "Printing" means a technique by which an objectively assessed function, such as colour, design or technical performance, is applied to a textile substrate with a permanent character, using screen, roller, digital or transfer techniques.
5. "Printing (as standalone operation)" means a technique by which an objectively assessed function, such as colour, design or technical performance, is applied to a textile substrate with a permanent character, using screen, roller, digital or transfer techniques combined with at least 2 (two) preparatory or finishing operations such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendaring, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling, provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % (fifty per cent) of the ex-works price of the product.

#### Note 6

Tolerances applicable to products containing two or more basic textile materials

1. For the purpose of this Note, basic textile materials are the following:
  - silk;
  - wool;
  - coarse animal hair;

- fine animal hair;
- horsehair;
- cotton;
- paper-making materials and paper;
- flax;
- true hemp;
- jute and other textile bast fibres;
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus *Agave*;
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres;
- synthetic man-made filaments;
- artificial man-made filaments;
- current-conducting filaments;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester;

- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene;
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(phenylene sulphide);
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of poly(vinyl chloride);
- other synthetic man-made staple fibres;
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose;
- other artificial man-made staple fibres;
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped;
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped;

- products of heading 56.05 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 (five) mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between 2 (two) layers of plastic film; and
- other products of heading 56.05.

Example:

A yarn, of heading 52.05, made from cotton fibres of heading 52.03 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 55.06, is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres which do not satisfy the requirements set out in Annex 3-B may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 % (ten per cent) of the weight of the yarn.

Example:

A woollen fabric, of heading 51.12, made from woollen yarn of heading 51.07 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 55.09, is a mixed fabric. Therefore, synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the requirements set out in Annex 3-B, or woollen yarn which does not satisfy the requirements set out in Annex 3-B, or a combination of the two, may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 % (ten per cent) of the weight of all the basic textile materials.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric, of heading 58.02, made from cotton yarn of heading 52.05 and cotton fabric of heading 52.10, is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric made from yarns classified in two separate headings, or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 52.05 and synthetic fabric of heading 54.07, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is, accordingly, a mixed product.

2. Where reference to this Note is made in Annex 3-B, the requirements set out in Column 2 thereof shall not apply to any non-originating basic textile materials, excluding elastomeric yarns, which are used in the manufacture of the product of Chapters 50 to 63, provided that:
  - (a) the product contains 2 (two) or more basic textile materials; and
  - (b) the weight of the non-originating basic textile materials, taken together, does not exceed 10 % (ten per cent) of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used.
3. Notwithstanding Note 6.2, for products of Chapters 50 to 63 incorporating "yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped", the tolerance is 20 % (twenty per cent) in respect of the weight of this non-originating yarn as a percentage of the weight of all the basic textile materials used.

4. Notwithstanding Note 6.2, for products of Chapters 50 to 63 incorporating "strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 (five) mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film", the tolerance is 30 % (thirty per cent) in respect of the weight of this non-originating strip as a percentage of the weight of all the basic textile materials used.

#### Note 7

##### Other tolerances applicable to certain textile products

1. Where reference to this Note is made in Annex 3-B, non-originating textile materials, with the exception of linings and interlinings, elastomeric yarns and sewing threads, which do not satisfy the requirements set out in the list in Column 2 for the made-up textile product, may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8 % (eight per cent) of the ex-works price of the product.
2. Non-originating materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 may be used without restriction in the manufacture of textile products classified in Chapters 50 to 63, whether or not they contain textiles.

## Example

If a requirement set out in Annex 3-B provides that yarn must be used for a particular textile item (such as trousers), this does not prevent the use of non-originating metal items, such as buttons, because metal items are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide fasteners, even though slide fasteners normally contain textiles.

3. If a requirement set out in Annex 3-B consists of a maximum value of non-originating materials applies, the value of non-originating materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 shall be taken into account when calculating the value of the incorporated non-originating materials.

## Note 8

### Definitions of processes referred to in Sections VI to VII in Annex 3-B

For the purposes of product specific rules of origin:

1. "Biotechnological processing" means:
  - (a) biological or biotechnological culturing (including cell culture), hybridisation or genetic modification of:
    - (i) micro-organisms such as bacteria and viruses, including phages; or

- (ii) human, animal or plant cells; and
  - (b) production, isolation or purification of cellular or intercellular structures, such as isolated genes, gene fragments and plasmids, or fermentation.
- 2. "Change in particle size" means the deliberate and controlled modification of the particle size of a product, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a product with a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which is relevant for the purposes of the resulting product and with physical or chemical characteristics different from those of the input materials.
- 3. "Chemical reaction" means a process, including a biochemical processing, which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule, with the exception of the following, which are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:
  - (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
  - (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
  - (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallisation.
- 4. "Isomer separation" means the isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers.



5. "Mixing and blending" means the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials, other than the addition of diluents, only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a product having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant for the purposes or uses of the product and are different from the input materials.
6. "Production of standard materials" (including standard solutions) means a production of a preparation suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses with precise degrees of purity or proportions certified by the manufacturer.
7. "Purification" means a process which results in:
  - (a) the purification of a good resulting in the elimination of at least 80 % (eighty per cent) of the content of existing impurities; or
  - (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
    - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
    - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
    - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
    - (iv) specialised optical uses;

- (v) biotechnical use, such as in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
- (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
- (vii) nuclear grade uses.

#### Note 9

#### Agricultural products

Agricultural products falling within Chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 and heading 24.01 which are grown or harvested in the territory of a Party shall be treated as originating in the territory of that Party, even if grown from seeds, bulbs, rootstock, cuttings, slips, grafts, shoots, buds or other live parts of plants imported from a third country.

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**PRODUCT SPECIFIC RULES OF ORIGIN**

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
<b>SECTION I</b>	<b>LIVE ANIMALS; ANIMAL PRODUCTS</b>
Chapter 1	Live animals
01.01 – 01.06	All animals of Chapter 1 are wholly obtained.
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal
02.01 – 02.10	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates
03.01 – 03.08	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 4	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included
0401.10 – 0402.91	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained.
0402.99	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
04.03 – 04.10	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 5	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included.
0501.00 – 0511.10	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
0511.91 - Fish eggs and roes unfit for human consumption  - Others	All the fish eggs and roes are wholly obtained.  Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
0511.99	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
SECTION II	VEGETABLE PRODUCTS
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage
06.01 – 06.04	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 6 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers
07.01 – 07.14	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons
08.01– 08.10	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 8 used are wholly obtained.
08.11	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 8 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
08.12 – 08.14	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 8 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 9	Coffee, tea, maté and spices
0901.11 – 0901.12	CTH
0901.21 – 0901.22	Manufacture in which the weight of non-originating materials of Chapter 9 used does not exceed 60 % of the weight of the product.
0901.90	CTH
09.02	CTSH
09.03	CTH
09.04 – 09.10	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
Chapter 10	Cereals
10.01 – 10.08	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten
11.01 – 11.09	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 10 and 11, headings 07.01 and 23.03 and sub-heading 0710.10 used are wholly obtained.
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruits; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder
12.01 – 12.14	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 12 used are wholly obtained.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 13	Lac; gums, resins and other vegetable saps and extracts
13.01	Manufacture in which the value of non-originating materials of heading 13.01 used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
13.02	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included.
14.01 – 14.04	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 14 used are wholly obtained.
SECTION III	ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE FATS AND OILS AND THEIR CLEAVAGE PRODUCTS; PREPARED EDIBLE FATS; ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE WAXES
Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes
15.01 – 15.06	CTH
15.07	Manufacture in which all the materials of headings 12.01 and 15.07 used are wholly obtained.
15.08	CTSH
15.09 – 15.10	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained.
15.11	CTH
1512.11 – 1512.19 - Sunflower-seed oil  - Safflower oil	Manufacture in which all the materials of headings 12.06 and 15.12 used are wholly obtained.  CTH

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
1512.21 – 1513.19	CTSH
1513.21 – 1513.29	CTH
15.14 - Rape or colza oil  - Mustard oil	Manufacture in which all the materials of headings 12.05 and 15.14 used are wholly obtained. CTH
1515.11 – 1515.19	CTSH
1515.21 – 1515.29	Manufacture in which all the materials of headings 10.05 and 15.15 used are wholly obtained.
1515.30 – 1515.50	CTH
1515.90 - Chia and tung oil, oiticica oil - Others	CTH CTSH
15.16 – 15.17	CTH
15.18	CTSH
15.20	CTH
15.21 – 15.22	CTSH
SECTION IV	PREPARED FOODSTUFFS; BEVERAGES, SPIRITS AND VINEGAR; TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURED TOBACCO SUBSTITUTES
Chapter 16	Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates
16.01 – 16.05	CC, provided that all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 17	Sugars and sugar confectionery
17.01	CTH
1702 - Chemically-pure maltose and chemically pure fructose  - Others	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading except from non-originating chemically-pure maltose and chemically-pure fructose.  CC, except from non-originating materials of Chapters 11 and 23.
17.03	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 17 used are wholly obtained.
17.04	Manufacture in which: – all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained; and – the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the product.
Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations
18.01	CTH
18.02	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 1801.
18.03	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 1802.
18.04 – 18.05	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 1802 and 1803.



<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
1806	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
Chapter 19	Preparations of cereals, flour, starch or milk; pastrycooks' products
19.01	<p>CC, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained;</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 10.06 and 11.01 to 11.08 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
19.02 – 19.03	<p>CC, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapters 2, 3, 4 and 16 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 10.06 and 11.01 to 11.08 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
19.04 – 19.05	CC, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained;</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 10.06 and 11.01 to 11.08 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
Chapter 20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants
20.01	CTH
20.02 – 20.03	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained.
20.04 – 20.05	CTH
20.06 – 20.08	CTH, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– apples, lemons, limes, oranges, peaches and pears are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
20.09	CTH, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– apples, grapefruits, lemons, limes, oranges, peaches, pears, strawberries and tangerines are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 40 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations
2101.11- 2101.12	CTH, provided that the value of non-originating materials of heading 09.01 used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
2101.20	CTH, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained, and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
2101.30	CTH, provided that the value of non-originating materials of heading 09.01 used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
21.02	CTH, provided that all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained.
2103.10	CTH, provided that all the materials of heading 12.01 and subheading 1208.10 used are wholly obtained.
2103.20 – 2104.20	CTH, provided that all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained.
21.05 – 21.06	CTH, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar
22.01	CTH
22.02 - Soya drinks  - Others	<p>CTH, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 and subheadings 1201.90 and 1208.10 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul> <p>CTH, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
22.03	CTH
22.04 – 22.05	<p>CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 22.07 or 22.08, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the grapes used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– all materials derived from grapes used are originating.</li> </ul>
22.06	CTH
22.07	<p>CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 22.08, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the grapes, cane or maize (corn) used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– all materials derived from grapes, cane or maize (corn) used are originating.</li> </ul>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
22.08 – 22.09	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 22.07 or 22.08, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the grapes used are wholly obtained; and</li> <li>– all materials derived from grapes used are originating.</li> </ul>
Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder
23.01	CTH, provided that all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained.
2302.10 – 2303.10	CTH, provided that the weight of non-originating materials of Chapter 10 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product.
2303.20 – 2308.00	CTH
23.09	CC, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– all the materials of Chapters 2, 3 and 4 used are wholly obtained;</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of Chapter 10 and 11 used does not exceed 20 % of the weight of the product; and</li> <li>– the total weight of non-originating materials of headings 17.01 and 17.02 used does not exceed 15 % of the weight of the product.</li> </ul>
Chapter 24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes
24.01	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used are wholly obtained.
2402.10	Manufacture in which the weight of non-originating materials of heading 24.01 used does not exceed 30 % of weight of the product.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
2402.20	Manufacture in which the weight of non-originating materials of heading 24.01 used does not exceed 40 % of weight of the product.
2402.90	CTH
24.03	Manufacture in which the weight of non-originating materials of heading 24.01 used does not exceed 80 % of weight of the product.
SECTION V	MINERAL PRODUCTS
Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement
25.01 – 25.03	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.04	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.05 – 25.14	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.15 – 25.16	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.17	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.18 – 25.20	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
25.21– 25.23	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
25.24 – 25.25	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
2526.10 – 2530.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
2530.90 - Earth colours, calcined or powdered - Others	Calcination or grinding of earth colours.  CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash
26.01 – 26.21	CTH
Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes
27.01 – 27.09	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.
27.10	CTH, except from non-originating biodiesel of subheading 3824.99 or 3826.00; or  Distillation or a chemical reaction is undergone, provided that biodiesel (including hydrotreated vegetable oil) of heading 27.10 and subheadings 3824.99 and 3826.00 used is obtained by esterification, transesterification or hydrotreatment.
27.11 – 27.15	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION VI	PRODUCTS OF THE CHEMICAL OR ALLIED INDUSTRIES  Section note: For definitions of horizontal processing rules within this Section, see Note 8 of Annex 3-A.
Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes
28.01 – 28.53	CTSH; A chemical reaction is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 29	Organic chemicals
2901.10 – 2905.42	CTSH; A chemical reaction, isomer separation or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
2905.43 – 2905.44	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 38.24.
2905.45	CTSH; however, non-originating materials of subheading 2905.45 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
2905.49 – 2942.00	CTSH; A chemical reaction, isomer separation or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).



Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products
30.01 – 30.03	CTSH; A chemical reaction, purification, production of standard materials, a change in particle size, isomer separation or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
30.04	CTH
30.05 – 30.06	CTSH; A chemical reaction, purification, production of standard materials, a change in particle size, isomer separation or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 31	Fertilisers
31.01 – 31.04	CTH; however, non-originating materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).
31.05 - Sodium nitrate, - Calcium cyanamide, - Potassium sulphate - Magnesium potassium sulphate - Others	CTH; however, non-originating materials of heading 31.05 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).  CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW); however, non-originating materials of heading 31.05 may be used provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks
32.01 – 32.05	<p>CTSH;</p> <p>A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone;</p> <p>Mixing and blending is undergone, provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 70 % of the EXW of the product; or</p> <p>MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).</p>
32.06	<p>CTH; however, non-originating materials of heading 32.06 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW price of the product; or</p> <p>MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).</p>
32.07 – 32.15	<p>CTSH;</p> <p>A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone;</p> <p>Mixing and blending is undergone, provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 70 % of the EXW of the product; or</p> <p>MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations
3301.12 – 3301.30	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; Mixing and blending is undergone, provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 70 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3301.90	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3302.10	CTH; however, non-originating materials of subheading 3302.10 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3302.90 – 3303.00	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; Mixing and blending is undergone, provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 70 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
33.04 – 33.07	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster.
3401.11 – 3401.20	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3401.30	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
34.02 – 34.07	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes
3501.10 – 3502.20	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3502.90 – 3504.00	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
35.05	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
35.06 – 35.07	CTSH A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations
36.01 – 36.06	CTSH; A chemical reaction is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic goods
37.01 – 37.07	CTSH; A chemical reaction is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products
38.01 – 38.07	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
38.08	CTH; however, non-originating materials of heading 38.08 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the EXW of the product; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
38.09	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 11.08.
3810.10 – 3824.50	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3824.60	CTH except from non-originating materials of subheading 2905.44.
3824.71 – 3824.91	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3824.99 - Biodiesel  - Others	Manufacture in which biodiesel is obtained through transesterification, esterification or hydro-treatment. CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
38.25	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
38.26	Manufacture in which biodiesel is obtained through transesterification, esterification or hydro-treatment.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION VII	PLASTICS AND ARTICLES THEREOF; RUBBER AND ARTICLES THEREOF  Section note: For definitions of horizontal processing rules within this Section, see Note 8 of Annex Annex 3-A.
Chapter 39	Plastics and articles thereof
3901.10	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3901.20	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3901.30 – 3901.40	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3901.90	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
39.02	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
3903.11	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3903.19 – 3903.30	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3903.90 – 3904.10	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3904.21 – 3906.10	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3906.90	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3907.10	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3907.20 – 3907.30	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).



Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
3907.40 – 3907.70	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3907.91	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3907.99 – 3908.90	CTSH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3909.10 – 3909.20	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3909.31 – 3909.39	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3909.40	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3909.50	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
39.10	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
39.11	CTH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
39.12 – 39.15	CTSH; A chemical reaction or biotechnological processing is undergone; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
39.16 – 3923.29	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3923.30	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
3923.40 – 3926.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof
40.01 – 40.04	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
40.05	Manufacture in which the value of non-originating materials used, except non-originating materials of sub-headings 4001.10 to 4001.29, does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
40.06 – 40.11	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4012.11 – 4012.19	CTSH; or Retreading of used tyres.
4012.20 – 4017.00	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION VIII	RAW HIDES AND SKINS, LEATHER, FURSKINS AND ARTICLES THEREOF; SADDLERY AND HARNESS; TRAVEL GOODS, HANDBAGS AND SIMILAR CONTAINERS; ARTICLES OF ANIMAL GUT (OTHER THAN SILK-WORM GUT)
Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather
41.01 – 41.03	CTSH
41.04 – 41.06	CTH; or Re-tanning of tanned or pre-tanned hides and skins of sub- headings 4104.11, 4104.19, 4105.10, 4106.21, 4106.31 or 4106.91.
41.07 – 41.13	CTH; however, non-originating materials of sub-headings 4104.41, 4104.49, 4105.30, 4106.22, 4106.32 and 4106.92 may be used, provided that a re-tanning operation of the tanned or crust hides and skins in the dry state takes place.
41.14 – 41.15	CTH

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk-worm gut)
42.01 – 42.06	CTH
Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof
43.01 – 43.04	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION IX	WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL; CORK AND ARTICLES OF CORK; MANUFACTURERS OF STRAW, OF ESPARTO OR OF OTHER PLAITING MATERIALS; BASKETWARE AND WICKERWORK
Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal
44.01 – 44.21	CTH
Chapter 45	Cork and articles of cork
45.01 – 45.04	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 46	Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork
46.01 – 46.02	CTH

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION X	PULP OF WOOD OR OF OTHER FIBROUS CELLULOSIC MATERIAL; RECOVERED (WASTE AND SCRAP) PAPER OR PAPERBOARD; PAPER AND PAPERBOARD AND ARTICLES THEREOF
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard
47.01 – 47.07	CTH
Chapter 48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard
48.01 – 48.07	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4808.10	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4808.40 – 4811.49	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4811.51	CTH
4811.59 – 4816.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
48.17	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
48.18	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4819.10 – 4819.50	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4819.60 – 4823.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
4823.40	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4823.61 – 4823.70	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
4823.90	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans
49.01 – 49.11	CTH
SECTION XI	TEXTILES AND TEXTILE ARTICLES  Section note: For application of tolerances within this Section, see Notes 6 and 7 of Annex 3-A.
Chapter 50	Silk
50.01 – 50.02	CTH
50.03 - Carded or combed - Others	Carding or combing of silk waste. CTH
50.04 – 50.05	Spinning of natural fibres;  Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with spinning;  Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with twisting; or  Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>50.06</p> <p>- Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste</p> <p>- Silkworm gut</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with spinning;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made continuous filament combined with twisting; or</p> <p>Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.</p> <p>CTH</p>
<p>50.07</p>	<p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving;</p> <p>Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving;</p> <p>Weaving combined with dyeing;</p> <p>Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or</p> <p>Weaving combined with printing.</p>
<p>Chapter 51</p>	<p>Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric</p>
<p>51.01 – 51.05</p>	<p>CTH</p>
<p>51.06 – 51.10</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; or</p> <p>Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>51.11 – 51.13</p>	<p>Spinning of natural and/or or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.</p>
<p>Chapter 52</p>	<p>Cotton</p>
<p>52.01 – 52.03</p>	<p>CTH</p>
<p>52.04</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; Twisting combined with any mechanical operation; or Dyeing combined with any mechanical operation.</p>
<p>52.05 – 52.07</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.</p>



<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>52.08 – 52.12</p>	<p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.</p>
<p>Chapter 53</p>	<p>Other vegetable textile fibers; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn</p>
<p>53.01 – 53.05</p>	<p>CTH</p>
<p>53.06 – 53.08</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.</p>
<p>53.09</p>	<p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
53.10	Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving.
53.11	Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.
Chapter 54	Man-made filaments; strip and the like of man-made textile materials
54.01	Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; Twisting combined with any mechanical operation; or Dyeing combined with any mechanical operation.
54.02 – 54.06	Spinning of natural fibres; or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
54.07 – 54.08	Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.
Chapter 55	Man-made staple fibers
5501.10 – 5503.19	Extrusion of man-made fibres.
5503.20	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp, except those from non-originating materials of headings 39.07 to 39.12.
5503.30 – 5507.00	Extrusion of man-made fibres.
55.08	Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; Twisting combined with any mechanical operation; or Dyeing combined with any mechanical operation.
55.09 – 55.11	Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>55.12 – 55.16</p>	<p>Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Twisting or any mechanical operation combined with weaving; Weaving combined with dyeing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.</p>
<p>Chapter 56</p>	<p>Wadding, felt and nonwovens; special yarns, twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof</p>
<p>56.01</p>	<p>Spinning of natural fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; Flocking combined with dyeing or printing; or Coating, flocking, laminating, or metalising combined with at least two other main preparatory or finishing operations (such as calendering, shrink-resistance processes, heat setting or permanent finishing) provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.</p>
<p>56.02 – 56.03</p>	<p>Manufacture from natural or man-made fibers or polymers, followed by bonding into a fabric formation.</p>
<p>5604.10</p>	<p>Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
5604.90	Spinning of natural fibres; or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning.
56.05	Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres; Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning; or Twisting combined with any mechanical operation.
56.06	Spinning of natural and/or man-made staple fibres; or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning.
56.07 – 56.09	Spinning of natural fibres; or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with spinning.
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings
57.01 – 57.05	Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or with tufting; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting; Manufacture from coir yarn or sisal yarn or jute yarn or classical ring spun viscose yarn; or Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with non-woven techniques including needle punching.

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace, tapestries; trimmings; embroidery
58.01 – 58.04	<p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or tufting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting;</p> <p>Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalising;</p> <p>Tufting combined with dyeing or with printing;</p> <p>Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing;</p> <p>Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or</p> <p>Weaving combined with printing.</p>
58.05	CTH
58.06 – 58.09	<p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or tufting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting;</p> <p>Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalising;</p> <p>Tufting combined with dyeing or with printing;</p> <p>Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing;</p> <p>Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or</p> <p>Weaving combined with printing.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
58.10	Embroidering in which the value of non-originating materials of any heading, except that of the product used, does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
58.11	Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving or tufting; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving or with tufting; Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalising; Tufting combined with dyeing or with printing; Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing; Yarn dyeing combined with weaving; or Weaving combined with printing.
Chapter 59	Impregnated, coated, covered or laminated textile fabrics; textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use
59.01	Weaving combined with dyeing or with flocking or with coating or with laminating or with metalising; or Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing.
59.02	Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; or Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving.

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>59.03</p>	<p>Weaving combined with impregnating or with coating or with covering or with laminating or with metalising; Weaving combined with printing; or Printing (as standalone operation).</p>
<p>59.04</p>	<p>Weaving or calendaring combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating or with metalising</p>
<p>59.05</p>	<p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving; Weaving, knitting or non-woven fabric formation combined with impregnating or with coating or with covering or with laminating or with metalising; Weaving combined with printing; or Printing (as standalone operation).</p>





<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>59.07</p>	<p>Weaving or knitting or non-woven fabric formation combined with dyeing or with printing or with coating or with impregnating or with covering;  Flocking combined with dyeing or with printing; or  Printing (as standalone operation).</p>
<p>59.08 - Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated - Others</p>	<p>Manufacture from non-originating tubular knitted or crocheted gas-mantle fabric.  CTH</p>
<p>59.09 – 59.10</p>	<p>Spinning of natural or of man-made staple fibres combined with weaving;  Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with weaving;  Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating; or  Coating, flocking, laminating or metalising combined with at least two other main preparatory or finishing operations (such as calendering, shrink-resistance processes, heat setting or permanent finishing) provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>59.11</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading 59.11</li> <li>- Woven fabrics, of a kind commonly used in papermaking or other technical uses, felted or not, whether or not impregnated or coated, tubular or endless with single or multiple warp and/or weft, or flat woven with multiple warp and/or weft of heading 59.11</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from yarn or waste fabrics or rags of heading 63.10.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or of man-made staple fibres combined with weaving;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with weaving; or</p> <p>Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or of man-made staple fibres combined with weaving;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made fibres combined with weaving;</p> <p>Weaving combined with dyeing or with coating or with laminating; or</p> <p>Coating, flocking, laminating or metalising combined with at least two other main preparatory or finishing operations (such as calendering, shrink-resistance processes, heat setting, permanent finishing) provided that the value of non-originating materials used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.</p>
<p>Chapter 60</p>	<p>Knitted or crocheted fabrics</p>
<p>60.01 – 60.06</p>	<p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with weaving; or</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with weaving.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted
<p>6101.20 – 6103.39</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6103.41 – 6103.49</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless only</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting/crocheting and making up in one operation</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>6104.13 – 6104.59</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6104.61 – 6104.69</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting or crocheting and making up in one operation.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>61.05 – 61.06</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6107.11</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres and/or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting or crocheting and making up in one operation.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>6107.12 – 6108.19</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6108.21 – 6108.29</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres and/or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting or crocheting and making up in one operation.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>6108.31 – 6110.20</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6110.30</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting or crocheting and making up in one operation.</p>



<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>6110.90 - 6114.90</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>6115</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Knit to shape or seamless (does not include compression hosiery)</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres and/or extrusion of man-made filament yarn, combined with knitting or crocheting and making up in one operation.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>61.16 – 61.17</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres combined with knitting or crocheting;</p> <p>Extrusion of man-made filament yarn combined with knitting or crocheting; or</p> <p>Knitting and making-up in one operation.</p>
<p>Chapter 62</p>	<p>Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted</p>
<p>62.01</p>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>
<p>62.02</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Embroidered</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
62.03	Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.
6204.11 – 6204.59 - Embroidered  - Others	Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or  Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.  Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.
6204.61 – 6205.90	Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.
62.06 - Embroidered  - Others	Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or  Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.  Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.
62.07 – 62.08	Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>62.09</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Embroidered</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>
<p>62.10</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Coating or laminating, provided that the value of the non-originating uncoated or unlaminated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product, combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>
<p>62.11</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Embroidered</li> <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>



<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>62.17</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Embroidered</li>            <li>- Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester</li>            <li>- Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out</li>   <li>- Others</li> </ul>	<p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Coating or laminating provided that the value of the non-originating uncoated or unlaminated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Fabric formation combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
Chapter 63	Other made up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags
<p>63.01 – 63.04</p> <p>- Felt, nonwovens</p> <p>- Others</p> <p>-- embroidered</p> <p>-- others</p>	<p>Non-woven fabric formation combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric; or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the non-originating unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the EXW of the product.</p> <p>Weaving or knitting or crocheting combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>
63.05	Extrusion of man-made fibres or spinning of natural or man-made staple fibres, combined with weaving or with knitting and making-up including cutting of fabric.
<p>63.06</p> <p>- Nonwovens</p> <p>- Others</p>	<p>Non-woven fabric formation, combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p> <p>Weaving combined with making-up including cutting of fabric.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
63.07	CTH and MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).
63.08	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided that their total value does not exceed 10 % of the EXW of the set.
63.09 – 63.10	CTH
SECTION XII	FOOTWEAR, HEADGEAR, UMBRELLAS, SUN UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, SEATSTICKS, WHIPS, RIDING-CROPS AND PARTS THEREOF; PREPARED FEATHERS AND ARTICLES MADE THEREWITH; ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS; ARTICLES OF HUMAN HAIR
Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like; parts of such articles
64.01 – 64.05  - With a customs value of 35 euros or less  - With a customs value above 35 euros	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading, except from non-originating materials of subheading 6406.10 provided that the total value of the non-originating materials does not exceed 40 % of the value of the product.  Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading, except from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading 64.06.
64.06	CTH
Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof
65.01 – 65.07	CTH



Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops and parts thereof
66.01 – 66.03	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair
67.01 – 67.04	CTH
SECTION XIII	ARTICLES OF STONE, PLASTER, CEMENT, ASBESTOS, MICA OR SIMILAR MATERIALS; CERAMIC PRODUCTS; GLASS AND GLASSWARE
Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials
68.01 – 68.02	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
68.03 - Worked slate  - Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).  Manufacture from worked slate.
68.04 – 68.11	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
68.12 - Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate - Others	Manufacture from non-originating materials of any heading.  CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
6813.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
6813.81 – 6813.89	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
68.14 - Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paperboard or other materials - Others	Manufacture from non-originating worked mica (including agglomerated or reconstituted mica).  CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
68.15	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

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<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheading 6813.89 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 69	Ceramic products
69.01 – 69.14	CTH
Chapter 70	Glass and glassware
70.01 – 70.05	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
70.06 – 70.09	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 70.05.
70.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 20 % (EXW).
70.11	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
70.13	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 70.10; or MaxNOM 20 % (EXW).
70.14 – 70.18	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
70.19	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
70.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION XIV	NATURAL OR CULTURED PEARLS, PRECIOUS OR SEMI-PRECIOUS STONES, PRECIOUS METALS, METALS CLAD WITH PRECIOUS METAL, AND ARTICLES THEREOF; IMITATION JEWELLERY; COIN
Chapter 71	Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin
71.01 - Natural or cultured pearls, graded and temporarily strung for convenience of transport - Others	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).  CTH
71.02 - Worked precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) - Others	Manufacture from non-originating unworked precious or semi-precious stones.  CTH
71.03 - Worked precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) - Others	Manufacture from non-originating unworked precious or semi-precious stones.  CTH

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
71.04 - Worked precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) - Others	Manufacture from non-originating unworked precious or semi-precious stones.  CTH
71.05	CTH
71.06 - Unwrought   - Semi-manufactured or in powder form	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 71.06, 71.08 and 71.10; or Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10; or Alloying of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10 with each other or with base metals. Manufacture from non-originating unwrought precious metals.
71.07 - Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured - Others	Manufacture from non-originating metals clad with precious metals, unwrought.  CTH

<p>Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description</p>	<p>Column 2 Product specific rule of origin</p>
<p>71.08</p> <p>- Unwrought</p> <p>- Semi-manufactured or in powder form</p>	<p>CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 71.06, 71.08 and 71.10; or</p> <p>Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10; or</p> <p>Alloying of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10 with each other or with base metals.</p> <p>Manufacture from non-originating unwrought precious metals.</p>
<p>71.09</p> <p>- Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured</p> <p>- Others</p>	<p>Manufacture from non-originating metals clad with precious metals, unwrought.</p> <p>CTH</p>
<p>71.10</p> <p>- Unwrought</p> <p>- Semi-manufactured or in powder form</p>	<p>CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 71.06, 71.08 and 71.10; or</p> <p>Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10; or</p> <p>Alloying of precious metals of heading 71.06, 71.08 or 71.10 with each other or with base metals.</p> <p>Manufacture from non-originating unwrought precious metals.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
71.11 - Metals clad with precious metals, semi-manufactured - Others	Manufacture from non-originating metals clad with precious metals, unwrought. CTH
71.12 – 71.15	CTH
71.16	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
71.17	CTH; or Manufacture from base metal parts, not plated or covered with precious metals, provided that the value of all the non- originating materials used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
71.18	CTH
SECTION XV	BASE METALS AND ARTICLES OF BASE METAL
Chapter 72	Iron and steel
72.01 – 72.06	CTH
72.07 – 72.17	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.06 to 72.17.
72.18	CTH
72.19 – 72.23	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.18 to 72.23.
72.24	CTH
72.25 – 72.29	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.24 to 72.29.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 73	Articles of iron and steel
7301.10	CC, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.07 to 72.17.
7301.20	CTH
73.02	CC, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.07 to 72.17.
73.03	CTH
73.04	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.06 to 72.29.
73.05 - 73.06	CC, except from non-originating materials of headings 72.13 to 72.17, 72.21 to 72.23 and 72.25 to 72.29.
73.07 - Of stainless steel  - Others	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks, provided that the total value of the non-originating forged blanks used does not exceed 35 % of the EXW of the product.  CTH
73.08	CTH, except from non-originating materials of subheading 7301.20.
7309.00 – 7315.19	CTH
7315.20	Manufacture in which the value of non-originating materials of heading 73.15 used does not exceed 50 % of the EXW of the product.
7315.81 – 7326.90	CTH



Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof
74.01 – 74.02	CTH
74.03	CTSH
74.04 – 74.07	CTH
74.08	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
74.09	CTH
74.10	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
74.11 – 74.19	CTH
Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof
75.01 – 75.08	CTH
Chapter 76	Aluminum and articles thereof
76.01 – 76.16	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof
78.01 – 78.06	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof
79.01 – 79.07	CTH
Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof
80.01 – 80.07	CTH
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof
81.01 – 81.13	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal
8201.10 – 8205.70	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8205.90	CTH; however, non-originating tools of heading 82.05 may be incorporated into the set, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the EXW of the set.
82.06	CTH, except from non-originating materials of headings 82.02 to 82.05; however, non-originating tools of headings 82.02 to 82.05 may be incorporated into the set, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the EXW of the set.
8207.13 – 8207.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8207.30	MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).
8207.40 – 8215.99	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal
8301.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8301.20	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8301.30 – 8302.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
8302.30	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8302.41– 8311.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION XVI	MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL APPLIANCES; ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT; PARTS THEREOF; SOUND RECORDERS AND REPRODUCERS, TELEVISION IMAGE AND SOUND RECORDERS AND REPRODUCERS, AND PARTS AND ACCESSORIES OF SUCH ARTICLES
Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof
84.01	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.02 – 84.06	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.07 – 84.08	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8409.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW)
8409.91 – 8409.99	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
84.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

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<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheading 8409.91 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
84.11	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
8412.10 – 8415.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8415.20	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8415.81 – 8416.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.17	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.18 – 84.22	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.23	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.24	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.25 – 84.26	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.31; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.27	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.28 – 84.30	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.31; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.31	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
84.32	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.33 – 84.37	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.38	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.39 – 84.41	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.42	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
8443.11 – 8443.19	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8443.31 – 8443.32	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8443.39 – 8443.91	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8443.99	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.44 – 84.47	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.48; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.48 – 84.51	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.52	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.53	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
84.54	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.55	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.56 – 84.65	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.66; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.66 – 84.68	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8470.10 – 8470.30	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.73; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
8470.50	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.73; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8470.90	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.73; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.71-84.72	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 84.73; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8473.21	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
8473.29 – 8473.50	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
84.74	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.75 – 84.77	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.78	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.79 – 84.81	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.82	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.83 – 84.84	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
84.86	CTH; or MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
84.87	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles
85.01 – 85.02	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.03; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
85.03	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8504.10 – 8504.34	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8504.40	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8504.50 – 8505.90	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8506.10 – 8512.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8512.30 – 8512.90	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
85.13 – 85.16	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8517.11	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8517.12	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8517.18	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8517.61 – 8517.70	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

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<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheadings 8512.40 and 8512.90 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.



Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
85.18	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.19	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.21	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.22; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.22	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8523.21 – 8523.51	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8523.52 – 8523.59	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8523.80	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.25-85.27	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.29; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8528.42	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8528.49	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.29; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8528.52 – 8528.59	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.29; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
8528.62 – 8528.69	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.29; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8528.71	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8528.72 – 8528.73	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.29; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).
8529.10	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8529.90 – 8530.80	CTH; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).
8530.90 – 8531.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.32 – 85.34	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
85.35 – 85.36	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.38; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8537.10	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.38; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
8537.20	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 85.38; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8538.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8538.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).
85.39 – 85.43	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
8544.11 – 8544.60	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
8544.70	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
85.45 – 85.48	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION XVII	VEHICLES, AIRCRAFT, VESSELS AND ASSOCIATED TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT
Chapter 86	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds
86.01 – 86.09	MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).

<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheadings 8544.30 and 8544.49 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 87	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts and accessories thereof
87.01 – 87.07	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
87.08 – 87.09	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
87.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
87.11	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
87.12	CTH, except from non-originating materials of heading 87.14; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
87.13 – 87.16	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof
88.01 – 88.05	CTH; or MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures
89.01 – 89.08	CC; or MaxNOM 40 % (EXW).

<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheadings 8708.10, 8708.21, 8708.29, 8708.40, 8708.50, 8708.80, 8708.91, 8708.92, 8708.93 and 8708.99 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION XVIII	OPTICAL, PHOTOGRAPHIC, CINEMATOGRAPHIC, MEASURING, CHECKING, PRECISION, MEDICAL OR SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS; CLOCKS AND WATCHES; MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS; PARTS AND ACCESSORIES THEREOF
Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof
9001.10	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
9001.20 – 9001.40	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9001.50	CTH; Manufacture in which one of the following operations is undergone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– surfacing of the semi-finished lens into a finished ophthalmic lens with optical corrective power meant to be mounted on a pair of spectacles; or</li> <li>– coating of the lens through appropriated treatments to improve vision and ensure protection of the wearer; or</li> </ul> MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9001.90 – 9010.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.11	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.12 – 90.13	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
90.14	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.15	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.16	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
90.17 – 90.23	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.24 – 90.25	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
90.26 – 90.27	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
90.28	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
90.29 – 9032.89 9032.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW). CTH; or MaxNOM 55 % (EXW).
90.33	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof
91.01 – 91.14	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles
92.01 – 92.09	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
SECTION XIX	ARMS AND AMMUNITION; PARTS AND ACCESSORIES THEREOF
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof
93.01 – 93.07	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION XX	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED ARTICLES
Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated sign illuminated nameplates and the like; prefabricated buildings
9401.10	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9401.20	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9401.30 – 9401.80	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9401.90	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW) <sup>1</sup> .
94.02 – 94.05	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
94.06	MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).

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<sup>1</sup> For the products of subheading 9401.90 originating in Paraguay, for a period not exceeding 8 (eight) years from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, the product-specific rule is MaxNOM 55 % (EXW). The Chapter on Rules of Origin applies *mutatis mutandis* to determining Paraguay origin.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017) including specific description	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof
9503.00 – 9504.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9504.30	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
9504.40 – 9506.70	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
9506.91	MaxNOM 45 % (EXW).
9506.99 – 9508.90	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
96.01 – 96.04	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
96.05	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the EXW of the set.
96.06 – 96.07	CTH and MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
96.08 – 96.20	CTH; or MaxNOM 50 % (EXW).
SECTION XXI	WORKS OF ART, COLLECTORS' PIECES AND ANTIQUES
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques
97.01 – 97.06	CTH



SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS ON PRODUCT SPECIFIC RULES  
FOR CERTAIN PRODUCTS

If the European Union's WTO bound tariff applicable to these products is not 0 % (zero percent), the following products shall also be considered as originating in MERCOSUR provided that the corresponding product specific rule of origin, as set out below, is fulfilled in MERCOSUR according to this Agreement, unless MERCOSUR notifies to the European Union otherwise.

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017)	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
8443.31; 8443.32; 8470.50; 8471; 8473.30; 8517.69; 8525; 8527; 8531.20; 8543.70; 9030.20; 9030.33; 9030.39; 9030.40; 9030.82; 9030.84; 9030.89; 9031.80	<p>I. Assembly and welding of all components on the printed circuit board that implements the Central Processing function (main board);</p> <p>II. Integration of the printed circuit board assembled in accordance with item I, other printed circuit boards (if any) and other electrical, mechanical and subassembly parts in the final product format; and</p> <p>III. Final product configuration, software installation (if applicable) and functional tests.</p>

Column 1 Harmonized System Classification (2017)	Column 2 Product specific rule of origin
8443.99; 8473.29; 8473.30; 8473.40; 8473.50; 8517.70; 8523.52; 8523.59	<p>I. Assembly and welding of all components on printed circuit board; and</p> <p>II. Final product configuration, software installation (if applicable) and functional tests.</p>
8504.40; 8517.12; 8517.61; 8517.62; 8521	<p>I. Assembly and welding of all the components in printed circuit boards;</p> <p>II. Assembly of the electrical and mechanical parts, totally disaggregated, at the basic level of components; and</p> <p>III. Integration of printed circuit boards and electrical and mechanical parts, assembled according to items I and II.</p>

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## STATEMENT ON ORIGIN

The statement on origin shall be made out using the text which is set out below in one of the following language versions and in accordance with the laws and regulations of the exporting Party. If the statement on origin is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters. The statement on origin shall be drawn up in accordance with the respective footnotes. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

### Bulgarian version

Износителят на продуктите, обхванати от този документ (износител №...<sup>1</sup>) декларира, че освен където ясно е отбелязано друго, тези продукти са с ...<sup>2</sup> преференциален произход.

### Croatian version

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (referentni broj izvoznika: ...<sup>1</sup>) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je drukčije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi ...<sup>2</sup> preferencijalnog podrijetla.

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<sup>1</sup> If the statement on origin is made out by an exporter within the meaning of point (a) of Article 3.17(1), the number of the exporter shall be entered in this space. If the statement on origin is made out by an exporter within the meaning of point (b) of Article 3.17(1), the words in parenthesis shall be omitted or the space left blank.

<sup>2</sup> Origin of products to be indicated: European Union or MERCOSUR. If the statement on origin relates, in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla within the meaning of Article 3.29, the exporter shall clearly indicate this next to those products described in the document in which the declaration is made by means of the symbol "CM".

#### Czech version

Vývozce výrobků uvedených v tomto dokumentu (referenční číslo vývozce ...<sup>1</sup>) prohlašuje, že kromě zřetelně označených, mají tyto výrobky preferenční původ v ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Danish version

Eksportøren af varer, der er omfattet af nærværende dokument, (eksportørreferencenr. . ...<sup>1</sup>) erklærer, at varerne, medmindre andet tydeligt er angivet, har præferenceoprindelse i ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Dutch version

De exporteur van de goederen waarop dit document van toepassing is (referentienr. exporteur ...<sup>1</sup>) verklaart dat, behoudens uitdrukkelijke andersluidende vermelding, deze goederen van preferentiële ... oorsprong zijn<sup>2</sup>.

#### English version

The exporter of the products covered by this document (exporter reference no...<sup>1</sup>) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of ... preferential origin<sup>2</sup>.

#### Estonian version

Käesoleva dokumendiga hõlmatud toodete eksportija (eksportija viitenumber ...<sup>1</sup>) deklareerib, et need tooted on ...<sup>2</sup> sooduspäritoluga, välja arvatud juhul kui on selgelt näidatud teisiti.

#### Finnish version

Tässä asiakirjassa mainittujen tuotteiden viejä (viejän viitenumero ...<sup>1</sup>) ilmoittaa, että nämä tuotteet ovat, ellei toisin ole selvästi merkitty, etuuskohdeltuun oikeutettuja ... alkuperätuotteita<sup>2</sup>.

#### French version

L'exportateur des produits couverts par le présent document (n° de référence exportateur ...<sup>1</sup>) déclare que, sauf indication claire du contraire, ces produits ont l'origine préférentielle ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### German version

Der Ausführer (Referenznummer des Ausführers . ...<sup>1</sup>) der Waren, auf die sich dieses Handelspapier bezieht, erklärt, dass diese Waren, soweit nichts anderes angegeben, präferenzbegünstigte Ursprungswaren ...<sup>2</sup> sind.

#### Greek version

Ο εξαγωγέας των προϊόντων που καλύπτονται από το παρόν έγγραφο ((αριθ. αναφοράς εξαγωγέα . ...<sup>1</sup>) δηλώνει ότι, εκτός εάν δηλώνεται σαφώς άλλως, τα προϊόντα αυτά είναι προτιμησιακής καταγωγής ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Hungarian version

A jelen okmányban szereplő áruk exportőre (az exportőr azonosító száma ...<sup>1</sup>) kijelentem, hogy eltérő jelzs hiányában az áruk kedvezményes ... származásúak<sup>2</sup>.

#### Italian version

L'esportatore delle merci contemplate nel presente documento (numero di riferimento dell'esportatore ...<sup>1</sup>) dichiara che, salvo indicazione contraria, le merci sono di origine preferenziale ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Irish version

Onnmhaireoir na dtáirgí a chumhdaítear leis an doiciméad seo (Uimhir Thagartha an Onnmhaireora ...<sup>1</sup>) dearbhaítear leis seo, mura sonraítear a mhalairt go soiléir, gur táirgí de thionscnamh ...<sup>2</sup> tionscnamh fabhrach.

#### Latvian version

Eksportētājs produktiem, kuri ietverti šajā dokumentā (eksportētāja atsauces numurs ...<sup>1</sup>), deklarē, ka, izņemot tur, kur ir citādi skaidri noteikts, šiem produktiem ir priekšrocību izcelsme no ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Lithuanian version

Šiame dokumente išvardintų prekių eksportuotojas (Eksportuotojo registracijos Nr ...<sup>1</sup>) deklaruoja, kad, jeigu kitaip nenurodyta, tai yra ...<sup>2</sup> preferencinės kilmės prekės.

#### Maltese version

L-esportatur tal-prodotti koperti b'dan id-dokument (Numru ta' Referenza tal-Esportatur ...<sup>1</sup>) jiddikjara li, hlief fejn indikat b'mod car li mhux hekk, dawn il-prodotti huma ta' orijini preferenzjali ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Polish version

Eksporter produktów objętych tym dokumentem (nr referencyjny eksportera ...<sup>1</sup>) deklaruje, że z wyjątkiem gdzie jest to wyraźnie określone, produkty te mają ...<sup>2</sup> preferencyjne pochodzenie.

#### Portuguese version

O abaixo assinado, exportador dos produtos cobertos pelo presente documento (referência do exportador n.º...<sup>1</sup>) declara que, salvo expressamente indicado em contrário, estes produtos são de origem preferencial ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Romanian version

Exportatorul produselor care fac obiectul prezentului document (numărul de referință al exportatorului ...<sup>1</sup>) declară că, exceptând cazul în care în mod expres este indicat altfel, aceste produse sunt de origine preferențială ...<sup>2</sup>.

#### Slovak version

Vývozca výrobkov uvedených v tomto dokumente (referenčné číslo vývozcu ...<sup>1</sup>) vyhlasuje, že okrem zreteľne označených, majú tieto výrobky preferenčný pôvod v ...<sup>2</sup>.

### Slovenian version

Izvoznik blaga, zajetega s tem dokumentom, (referenčna št. izvoznika ...<sup>1</sup>) izjavlja, da, razen če ni drugače jasno navedeno, ima to blago preferencialno ...<sup>2</sup> poreklo.

### Spanish version

El exportador de los productos incluidos en el presente documento (número de referencia del exportador ...<sup>1</sup>) declara que, salvo indicación en sentido contrario, estos productos gozan de un origen preferencial ...<sup>2</sup>.

### Swedish version

Exportören av de varor som omfattas av detta dokument (exportörens referensnummer ....<sup>1</sup>) försäkrar att dessa varor, om inte annat tydligt markerats, har förmånsberättigande ... ursprung<sup>2</sup>.

(Place and date)<sup>1</sup>

(Signature of the exporter; in addition, the name of the person signing the declaration shall be indicated in clear script)<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Place and date may be omitted if the information is contained in the document itself.

<sup>2</sup> See Article 3.17(6). In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.



TRANSITIONAL MEASURES

1. For a period not exceeding 3 (three) years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, the European Union shall also accept as a statement on origin a "certificate of origin" indicating that the products imported into the European Union meet the origin requirements established under this Agreement.
2. The period of 3 (three) years referred to in paragraph 1 may be extended for a maximum period of 2 (two) years by means of a notification by the Signatory MERCOSUR State to the European Union. In such case, Annex 3-E may be applied provided that the conditions set out in that Annex are met.
3. MERCOSUR shall send the form and formalities of the "certificate of origin" to the European Commission. Each Signatory MERCOSUR State shall communicate to the European Commission the date on which the "certificate of origin" will cease to apply.

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## MANAGEMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE ERRORS

In the event of an error by the competent authorities in the proper management of the preferential system at export, and in particular in the application of Chapter 3, if this error leads to consequences in terms of import duties, the Party facing such consequences may request the Trade Council to examine the possibility of adopting appropriate measures with a view to resolving the situation.

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## JOINT DECLARATIONS

### Joint Declaration concerning the Principality of Andorra

1. Products originating in the Principality of Andorra falling within Chapters 25 to 97 of the Harmonized System shall be accepted by MERCOSUR as originating in the European Union within the meaning of Chapter 3.
2. Paragraph 1 applies provided that, by virtue of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Principality of Andorra<sup>1</sup>, the Principality of Andorra applies to products originating in MERCOSUR the same preferential tariff treatment as the European Union applies to such products.
3. Chapter 3 applies *mutatis mutandis* for the purposes of defining the originating status of the products referred to in paragraph 1.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ EU L 374, 31.12.1990, p. 14.

## Joint Declaration concerning the Republic of San Marino

1. Products originating in the Republic of San Marino shall be accepted by MERCOSUR as originating in the European Union within the meaning of Chapter 3.
2. Paragraph 1 applies provided that, by virtue of the Agreement on Co-operation and Customs Union between the European Economic Community and the Republic of San Marino<sup>1</sup>, the Republic of San Marino applies to products originating in MERCOSUR the same preferential tariff treatment as the European Union applies to such products.
3. Chapter 3 applies *mutatis mutandis* for the purposes of defining the originating status of the products referred to in paragraph 1.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ EU L 84, 28.3.2002, p. 43.

MUTUAL ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANCE  
IN CUSTOMS MATTERS

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

For the purposes of this Annex:

- (a) "applicant authority" means a competent administrative authority which has been designated by a Party for this purpose and which makes a request for assistance on the basis of this Annex;
- (b) "customs legislation" means any legal or regulatory provision applicable in the territory of either Party, governing the import, export and transit of goods and their placement under any other customs regime or procedure, including measures of prohibition, restriction and control;
- (c) "information" means any data, document, image, report or communication, in any format, including electronic, irrespective of whether it has been or not processed or analysed, or authenticated copies thereof;
- (d) "operation in breach of customs legislation" means any violation or attempted violation of customs legislation;
- (e) "person" means any natural or juridical person;

- (f) "personal data" means all information relating to a natural or, if the laws or regulations of a Party so provide, a juridical person; and
- (g) "requested authority" means a competent administrative authority which has been designated by a Party for this purpose and which receives a request for assistance on the basis of this Annex.

## ARTICLE 2

### Scope

1. The Parties shall assist each other in the areas falling within their respective competence and in the manner and under the conditions laid down in this Annex, to ensure the correct application of customs legislation, in particular by preventing, investigating and combating operations in breach of that legislation.
2. The provisions of this Annex apply to any administrative authority of either Party which is competent for the application of this Annex. That assistance shall neither prejudice a Party's laws and regulations governing mutual assistance in criminal matters nor cover information obtained under powers exercised on request of a judicial authority, except where communication of such information is authorised by that authority.
3. Assistance to recover duties, taxes or fines is not covered by this Annex.

## ARTICLE 3

### Assistance on request

1. On request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall provide it with all relevant information which may enable it to ensure that customs legislation is correctly applied, including information related to activities noted or planned which are or could be operations in breach of customs legislation.
2. On request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall inform it whether:
  - (a) goods exported from the territory of a Party have been properly imported into the territory of the other Party, specifying, where appropriate, the customs procedure applied to the goods; and
  - (b) goods imported into the territory of a Party have been properly exported from the territory of the other Party, specifying, where appropriate, the customs procedure applied to the goods.
3. On request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall, in accordance with a Party's laws and regulations, take the necessary steps to ensure special surveillance of:
  - (a) persons in respect of which there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are or have been involved in operations in breach of customs legislation;
  - (b) goods that are or may be transported in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation;

- (c) places where stocks of goods have been or may be assembled in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that those goods are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation; and
- (d) means of transport that are or may be used in such a way that there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are intended to be used in operations in breach of customs legislation.

## ARTICLE 4

### Spontaneous assistance

1. The Parties shall assist each other, at their own initiative and in accordance with their respective laws and regulations, if they consider that to be necessary for the correct application of customs legislation, by providing information obtained pertaining to concluded, planned or ongoing activities which constitute or appear to constitute operations in breach of customs legislation and which may be of interest to the other Party.
2. The information referred to in paragraph 1 shall focus in particular on:
  - (a) persons, goods and means of transportation; and
  - (b) new means or methods employed in carrying out operations in breach of customs legislation.



## ARTICLE 5

### Form and substance of requests for assistance

1. Requests for assistance under this Annex shall be made in writing, either in print or in electronic format. They shall be accompanied by the documents necessary to enable compliance with the request. When required because of the urgency of the situation, the requested authority may accept oral requests, but such oral requests shall be immediately confirmed in writing by the applicant authority.
2. Requests pursuant to paragraph 1 shall include the following information:
  - (a) the applicant authority and requesting official;
  - (b) the information and type of assistance requested;
  - (c) the object of and the reason for the request;
  - (d) the laws, regulations and other legal elements involved;
  - (e) indications as exact and comprehensive as possible on the persons which are the target of the investigations;
  - (f) a summary of the relevant facts and of the enquiries already carried out; and
  - (g) any additional available details to enable the requested authority to comply with the request.

3. Requests shall be submitted in an official language of the requested authority or in a language acceptable to that authority, English always being an acceptable language. This requirement does not apply to any documents that accompany the request pursuant to paragraph 1.

4. If a request does not meet the formal requirements set out in paragraphs 1 to 3, the requested authority may require the correction or completion of the request. In the meantime, precautionary measures may be taken.

## ARTICLE 6

### Execution of requests

1. In order to comply with a request for assistance, the requested authority shall proceed, within the limits of its competence and available resources, and as though it were acting on its own account or on request of another authority of that same Party, by supplying information already in its possession, by carrying out appropriate enquiries or by arranging for such enquiries to be carried out. This provision shall also apply to any other authority to which the request has been addressed by the requested authority if the latter cannot act on its own.

2. Requests for assistance shall be executed in accordance with the laws and regulations of the requested Party.

## ARTICLE 7

### Form in which information is to be communicated

1. The requested authority shall communicate results of enquiries to the applicant authority in writing together with relevant documents, certified copies or other items. This information may be provided in electronic format.
2. Original documents shall be transmitted in accordance with each Party's legal constraints, only on request of the applicant authority, in cases where certified copies would be insufficient. The applicant authority shall return these originals at the earliest opportunity.
3. The requested authority shall, in accordance with paragraph 2, deliver to the applicant authority any information related to the authenticity of the documents issued or certified by official agencies within its territory in support of a goods declaration.

## ARTICLE 8

### Presence of officials of a Party in the territory of another

1. Duly authorised officials of a Party may, with the agreement of the other Party and subject to the conditions specified by the latter, be present:
  - (a) in the offices of the requested authority or any other concerned authority referred to in Article 6(1) to obtain information that the applicant authority needs for the purposes of this Annex relating to activities that are or could be operations in breach of customs legislation;  
and

(b) at enquiries carried out in the territory of that other Party.

2. Authorised officials of a Party in the territory of the other Party shall be present solely in an advisory capacity. Such officials shall:

(a) be able to furnish proof of their official capacity at all times;

(b) not wear uniform or carry weapons; and

(c) enjoy the same protection as that afforded to officials of the other Party, in accordance with the laws and regulations in force.

## ARTICLE 9

### Delivery and notification

1. On request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, take all necessary measures in order to deliver any documents or to notify any decisions of the applicant authority falling within the scope of this Annex to an addressee residing or established in the territory of the requested authority.

2. Such requests for delivery of documents or notification of decisions shall be made in writing in an official language of the requested authority or in a language acceptable to that authority.

## ARTICLE 10

### Automatic exchange of information

1. The Parties may, by mutual arrangement in accordance with Article 15, exchange:
  - (a) any information covered by this Annex on an automatic basis; or
  - (b) specific information in advance of the arrival of consignments in the territory of the other Party.
2. The implementation of the exchanges referred to in points (a) and (b), including arrangements on the type of information to be exchanged, the format and the frequency of transmission shall be made in accordance with Article 15.

## ARTICLE 11

### Exceptions to the obligation to provide assistance

1. Assistance may be refused or may be subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions or requirements in cases where a Party considers that assistance under this Annex would:
  - (a) be likely to prejudice the sovereignty of a Signatory MERCOSUR State or of a Member State of the European Union which has been requested to provide assistance under this Annex;
  - (b) be likely to prejudice public policy, security or other essential interests, in particular in the cases referred to in Article 12(5); or

(c) violate an industrial, commercial or professional secret.

2. The requested authority may postpone assistance on the grounds that such assistance will interfere with ongoing investigations, prosecutions or proceedings. In such a case, the requested authority shall consult with the applicant authority to determine if assistance can be given subject to such terms or conditions as the requested authority may require.

3. If the applicant authority seeks assistance which it would itself be unable to provide if so requested, it shall draw attention to that fact in its request. It shall then be for the requested authority to decide how to respond to such a request.

4. In the cases referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the requested authority shall communicate its decision and the reasons therefor to the applicant authority without delay.

## ARTICLE 12

### Information exchange and confidentiality

1. The information received under this Annex shall be used solely for the purposes established herein.

2. The use of information received under this Annex in judicial or administrative proceedings instituted in respect of operations in breach of customs legislation shall be considered to fall within the purposes of this Annex. Therefore, each Party may, in their records of evidence, reports and testimonies and in proceedings and charges brought before judicial or administrative authorities, use as evidence information obtained and documents consulted in accordance with this Annex. The requested authority may subject the supply of information or the granting of access to documents to the condition that it is notified of such use.

3. If one of the Parties wishes to use such information for purposes other than those referred to in this Annex, it shall obtain the prior written consent of the authority which provided the information. Such use shall then be subject to any restrictions laid down by that authority.
4. Any information communicated in whatsoever form pursuant to this Annex shall be of a confidential or restricted nature, in accordance with each Party's laws and regulations. That information shall be covered by the obligation of professional secrecy and shall enjoy the protection granted to similar information under the relevant laws and regulations of the Party receiving the information. Each Party shall communicate to the other Party information on its applicable laws and regulations.
5. Personal data may be transferred only in accordance with the data protection rules of the Party providing the data. Each Party will inform the other Party about the relevant data protection rules and, if needed, make best efforts to agree on additional protections.

## ARTICLE 13

### Experts and witnesses

The requested authority may authorise its officials to appear, within the limitations of the authorisation granted, as experts or witnesses in judicial or administrative proceedings regarding the matters covered by this Annex, and produce such objects, documents or certified copies thereof as may be needed for the proceedings. The request for appearance must indicate specifically before which judicial or administrative authority the official will have to appear, on what matters and by virtue of what title or qualification the official will be questioned.

## ARTICLE 14

### Assistance expenses

1. The Parties shall waive any claims for reimbursement of expenses incurred in the execution of this Annex, except for allowances paid to experts, witnesses, interpreters or translators, where applicable.
2. The payment of allowances shall not apply to public-service employees.
3. If expenses of an extraordinary nature are required to execute the request, the Parties shall determine the terms and conditions under which the request will be executed, as well as the manner in which such costs shall be borne.

## ARTICLE 15

### Implementation

1. The implementation of this Annex shall be entrusted, on the one hand, to the customs authorities of Signatory MERCOSUR States and, on the other hand, to the competent services of the European Commission and the customs authorities of the Member States of the European Union, as appropriate. They shall decide on all practical measures and arrangements necessary for the implementation of this Annex, taking into consideration their respective applicable laws and regulations, in particular those concerning the protection of personal data.



2. Each Party shall inform the other of the detailed implementation measures that it adopts in accordance with the provisions of this Annex, in particular with respect to the duly authorised services and officials designated as competent to send and receive the communications referred to in this Annex.

3. In the European Union, this Annex shall not affect the communication of any information obtained under this Annex between the competent services of the European Commission and the customs authorities of the European Union Member States.

## ARTICLE 16

### Other agreements

This Annex shall take precedence over any bilateral agreement on mutual administrative assistance in customs matters which has been or may be concluded between individual Member States of the European Union and MERCOSUR or Signatory MERCOSUR States, insofar as the provisions of the latter are incompatible with those of this Annex.

## ARTICLE 17

### Consultations

The Parties shall consult each other in the framework of Subcommittee on customs, trade-facilitation and rules of origin, referred to in Article 4.21 of this Agreement, with a view to resolving any matter that might arise with respect to the application or implementation of this Annex.

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SECTION A

LIST OF FIELDS

For the purposes of Article 5.8(6), the Parties agree on the following list of fields:

- (a) safety aspects of electrical and electronic equipment, as defined in paragraph 1 of Section B of this Annex;
- (b) electromagnetic compatibility of equipment, as defined in paragraph 2 of Section B of this Annex;
- (c) energy efficiency for products imported from the European Union into the territory of a Signatory MERCOSUR States, excluding trans-shipments, covered by this Annex; and
- (d) restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

## SECTION B

### DEFINITIONS

1. For the purposes of this Annex, the following definitions apply:

- (a) "safety aspects of electrical and electronic equipment" means the safety aspects of equipment which is dependent on electric currents in order to work properly and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents and which is designed for use with a voltage rating of between 50 (fifty) and 1 000 (one thousand) V for alternating current and between 75 (seventy five) and 1 500 (one thousand five hundred) V for direct current, as well as equipment which intentionally emits or receives electromagnetic waves of frequencies lower than 3 000 (three thousand) GHz with the purpose of radio communication or radiodetermination, with the exception of:
  - (i) equipment for use in an explosive atmosphere;
  - (ii) equipment for use for radiology or medical purposes;
  - (iii) electrical parts for goods and passenger lifts;
  - (iv) radio equipment used by radio amateurs;
  - (v) electricity meters;
  - (vi) plugs and socket outlets for domestic use;

- (vii) electric fence controllers;
  - (viii) toys;
  - (ix) specialised maritime, railway, aviation and vehicle equipment;
  - (x) custom-built evaluation kits destined for professionals to be used solely at research and development facilities for such purposes;
  - (xi) construction products, for permanent incorporation in buildings or civil engineering works, the performance of which has an effect on the performance of the building or civil engineering works, such as cables, fire alarms and electric doors; and
  - (xii) machinery defined as an assembly consisting of at least 1 (one) moving part, powered by a drive system using one or more sources of energy such as thermal, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or mechanical energy, arranged and controlled so that they function as an integral whole, other than ordinary office equipment, audio and video equipment, household appliances, information technology equipment, electric motors, as well as low-voltage switchgear and control gear.
- (b) "electromagnetic compatibility of equipment" means the electromagnetic compatibility (disturbance and immunity) of equipment which is dependent on electric currents or electromagnetic fields in order to work properly and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents, with the exception of:
- (i) equipment for use in an explosive atmosphere;

- (ii) equipment for use for radiology or medical purposes;
- (iii) electrical parts for goods and passenger lifts;
- (iv) radio equipment used by radio amateurs;
- (v) specialised maritime, railway, aviation and vehicle equipment
- (vi) measuring instruments;
- (vii) non-automatic weighing instruments;
- (viii) inherently benign equipment; and
- (ix) custom-built evaluation kits destined for professionals to be used solely at research and development facilities for such purposes.

(c) "energy efficiency" means the ratio of output of performance, service, goods or energy to input of energy of a product with an impact on energy consumption during use.

2. For greater certainty, this Annex does not cover whole aircrafts, vessels, railways, motor vehicles or their specialized equipment or parts thereof.

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ON MOTOR VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT AND PARTS THEREOF

SECTION A

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUB-SECTION 1

DEFINITIONS

1. For the purposes of this Annex, the following definitions apply:
  - (a) "1958 Agreement" means the Agreement Concerning the Adoption of Harmonised Technical UN Regulations for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be Fitted and/or be Used on Wheeled Vehicles and the Conditions for Reciprocal Recognition of Approvals Granted on the Basis of these UN Regulations, done at Geneva on 20 March 1958), administered by the WP.29, and all subsequent amendments and revisions thereof;
  - (b) "HS 2017" means the 2017 edition of Harmonised System Nomenclature issued by the WCO;

- (c) "UN Regulations" means technical regulations adopted in accordance with the 1958 Agreement; and
  - (d) "WP.29" means the World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations within the framework of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (hereinafter referred to as "UNECE").
2. Terms used in this Annex shall have the same meaning as defined in the 1958 Agreement or in Annex 1 to the TBT Agreement.

## SUB-SECTION 2

### INITIAL PROVISIONS

1. The Parties hereby recognise the right of each Party to determine its desired level of health, safety, environmental and consumer protection.
2. This Annex applies to trade between the Parties of all categories of self-propelled road vehicles, including cars, buses, motorcycles, vans and trucks, together with their equipment and parts, falling among others under Chapters 40, 84, 85, 87, 90 and 94 of the HS 2017 (hereinafter referred to as "products covered by this Annex").



3. With regard to products covered by this Annex, the objectives of this Annex are to:
  - (b) eliminate and prevent unnecessary technical barriers to bilateral trade and simplify, whenever possible, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures;
  - (c) establish competitive market conditions based on principles of openness, non-discrimination and transparency; and
  - (d) enhance cooperation to foster continued mutually beneficial development in trade.
4. Signatory MERCOSUR States recognise UN Regulations as a useful reference for the preparation and adoption of their regulations and conformity assessment procedures on products covered by this Annex. Signatory MERCOSUR States preserve their right to regulate using other references than the UN Regulations.

## SECTION B

### MARKET ACCESS PROVISIONS

1. For the requirements in the laws and regulations of a Party that is not a Contracting Party to the 1958 Agreement which make reference to or fully incorporate UN Regulations as listed in Appendix 5-B-1, that Party shall accept, in accordance with those requirements, the test reports issued by the other Party under the United Nations type-approval system, in order to prove compliance with its corresponding technical requirements. In those cases, the Party accepting the test reports shall ensure that the procedures for issuing domestic certificates on the basis of the acceptance of these reports are carried out in an expeditious manner. If the laboratory is accredited for the relevant scope by an accreditation body member of ILAC, the presence during these tests of an officer authorised by the authority of the Party accepting the test reports shall not be required. The applicable public fees should be proportional to the service rendered.
2. If, according to its laws and regulations, a Party that is not a Contracting Party to the 1958 Agreement accepts, as proof of compliance with its requirements, certificates issued by the other Party under United Nations type-approval system or, in the case of whole vehicle type-approval, also certificates issued under the European Union type-approval system, for issuing the corresponding domestic certificates, the list of these requirements as established by the Party accepting the certificates according to its own previous technical analysis and criteria, is set in Appendix 5-B-2.

3. The list of requirements falling under paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Section, as established by each Party according to its own previous technical analysis and criteria, is set in Appendices 5-B-1 and 5-B-2. Whenever necessary, and according to its own technical analysis and criteria, each Party shall update its respective lists. The updates shall be made publicly available online free of charge and communicated by the TBT Chapter coordinator of the Party carrying out the update to the TBT Chapter coordinator of the other Party.
4. The obligations of a Party pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Section are without prejudice to its right to apply available domestic remedies, including, if appropriate, the withdrawal of the acceptance of a test report, on a non-discriminatory basis.
5. If one Party amends its technical regulations or conformity assessment procedures listed in Appendices 5-B-1 and 5-B-2, it shall previously notify the other Party. The acceptance of a test result or a certificate shall remain valid until the amended regulation or procedures enter into effect.

6. Test reports issued by laboratories, located in the territory of a Signatory MERCOSUR State, which are branches or sub-contractors of laboratories established in the European Union and appointed by the European Union under the European Union and United Nations type-approval systems shall be accepted in the European Union, in accordance with applicable legal requirements, and the procedure to issue the corresponding European Union or United Nations certificate shall be carried out in an expeditious manner. For transparency purposes, the list of those laboratories shall be made publicly available free of charge, kept updated and communicated to the TBT Chapter coordinator by the TBT Chapter coordinator of the Party publishing the list. This is without prejudice to the obligations of a Party which is a Contracting Party to the 1958 Agreement to accept test reports and certificates issued by laboratories appointed under the United Nations type-approval systems, including their branches or sub-contractors, in accordance with the legal requirements set in that agreement.
7. Each Party shall refrain from nullifying or impairing the benefits accruing to the other Party under this Annex through the adoption or maintenance of regulatory measures specific to products covered by this Annex. This is without prejudice to the right of the Parties to adopt measures necessary for road safety, the protection of the environment or public health and the prevention of deceptive practices.

## SECTION C

### JOINT COOPERATION

1. The Parties shall endeavour to exchange information, cooperate and maintain an open and ongoing dialogue on their respective technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures related to motor vehicle safety and environmental protection. Areas of cooperation under this paragraph may include:
  - (a) the development, establishment and post-implementation reviews of technical regulations, conformity assessment procedures or related standards;
  - (b) the development and dissemination of information for consumer use related to motor vehicle regulations or related standards;
  - (c) market surveillance for the identification of safety-related or emission-related defects and non-compliance with technical regulations;
  - (d) regulatory work plans on motor vehicle safety and environmental regulations;
  - (e) information on the assessment of new technologies or new features to be incorporated into vehicles; and

(f) joint analyses and development of methodologies and approaches, as mutually beneficial, practical and convenient, to assist in and facilitate the development of motor vehicle technical regulations or related standards.

2. The Parties shall promote the establishment in the territories of the Signatory MERCOSUR States of branches and sub-contractors of laboratories accredited under the UN-ECE type approval system. To encourage an increase in the number of such laboratories in MERCOSUR, the European Union shall, among other actions, publish and regularly update the list of such branches and laboratories and, upon request, provide guidance as regards accreditation. The Parties shall work together in order to disseminate the provisions in paragraph 6 of Section B of this Annex to both UN-ECE laboratories and manufacturers of products covered by this Annex.

## SECTION D

### IMPLEMENTATION

1. The Parties shall cooperate and exchange information on any issues relevant for the implementation of this Annex in the Subcommittee on trade in goods, referred to in Article 5.14.

LIST OF TEST REPORTS ACCEPTED  
IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 1 OF SECTION B OF ANNEX 5-B

Argentina

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 1	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam and/or a driving beam and equipped with filament lamps of categories R2 and/or HS1
No. 3.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of retro-reflecting devices for power-driven vehicles and their trailers
No. 4	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of devices for the illumination of rear registration plates of power-driven vehicles and their trailers
No. 7.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of front and rear position lamps, stop-lamps and end-outline marker lamps for motor vehicles (except motor cycles) and their trailers
No. 8	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with halogen filament lamps (H1, H2, H3, HB3, HB4, H7, H8, H9, HIR1, HIR2 and/or H11)
No. 11.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to door latches and door retention components
No. 12	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the driver against the steering mechanism in the event of impact

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 12.03	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the driver against the steering mechanism in the event of impact
No. 13.07/13.09/13.11	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories m, n and o with regard to braking
No. 13H.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of passenger cars with regard to braking
No. 14.03/14.06	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to safety-belt anchorages
No. 16.04/16.05	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. safety-belts, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems for occupants of power-driven vehicles; and II. vehicles equipped with safety-belts, safety-belt reminders, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems and i-Size child restraint systems
No. 17.06	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the seats, their anchorages and any head restraints
No. 19.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of power-driven vehicle front fog lamps
No. 23	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of reversing and manoeuvring lamps for power-driven vehicles and their trailers
No. 24.04	Uniform provisions concerning: I. the approval of compression ignition (C.I.) engines with regard to the emission of visible pollutants; II. the approval of motor vehicles with regard to the installation of C.I. engines of an approved type; III. the approval of motor vehicles equipped with C.I. engines with regard to the emission of visible pollutants by the engine; and IV. the measurement of power of C.I. engine



United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 28	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of audible warning devices and of motor vehicles with regard to their audible signals
No. 30.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for motor vehicles and their trailers
No. 30.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for motor vehicles and their trailers
No. 32.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a rear-end collision
No. 34.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the prevention of fire risks
No. 37/37.03	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of filament light sources for use in approved lamps of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers
No. 38	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear fog lamps for power-driven vehicles and their trailers
No. 43.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of safety glazing materials and their installation on vehicles
No. 46.01	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of devices for indirect vision and of motor vehicles with regard to the installation of these devices
No. 48/48.01/48.03	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices
No. 50	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of front position lamps, rear position lamps, stop lamps, direction indicators and rear-registration-plate illuminating devices for vehicles of category L
No. 53	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of category L <sub>3</sub> vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 54.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for commercial vehicles and their trailers
No. 58	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. rear underrun protective devices (RUPDs); II. vehicles with regard to the installation of an RUPD of an approved type; and III. vehicles with regard to their rear underrun protection (RUP)
No. 60	Uniform provisions concerning the approval OF two-wheeled motor cycles and mopeds with regard to driver-operated controls including the identification of controls, tell-tales and indicators
No. 72	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor cycle headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam and a driving beam and equipped with halogen lamps (HS1 lamps)
No. 73	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. vehicles with regard to their lateral protection devices (LPD); II. lateral protection devices (LPD); and III. vehicles with regard to the installation of LPD of an approved type according to Part II of this Regulation.
No. 74	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of category L1 vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices
No. 75	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for motor cycles and mopeds
No. 76	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of headlamps for mopeds emitting a driving beam and a passing beam
No. 77	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of parking lamps for power-driven vehicles
No. 78	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub> , L <sub>4</sub> and L <sub>5</sub> with regard to braking
No. 81	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear-view mirrors of two-wheeled power-driven vehicles with or without side car, with regard to the mounting of rear-view mirrors on handlebars

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 87	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of daytime running lamps for power-driven vehicles
No. 91	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of side-marker lamps for motor vehicles and their trailers
No. 94.01	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants in the event of a frontal collision
No. 95.02	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants in the event of a lateral collision
No. 98	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps equipped with gas-discharge light sources
No. 99	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of gas-discharge light sources for use in approved gas-discharge lamp units of power-driven vehicles
No. 100	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to specific requirements for the electric power train
No. 113	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps emitting a symmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with filament, gas-discharge light sources or LED modules
No. 118.00	Uniform technical prescriptions concerning the burning behaviour and/or the capability to repel fuel or lubricant of materials used in the construction of certain categories of motor vehicles
No. 121.00	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the location and identification of hand controls, tell-tales and indicators
No. 128	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of light emitting diode (LED) light sources for use in approved lamp units on power-driven vehicles and their trailers

## Brazil

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 3	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of retro-reflecting devices for power-driven vehicles and their trailers
No. 11	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to door latches and door retention components
No. 13	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories m, n and o with regard to braking
No. 14	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to safety-belt anchorages
No. 16	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. safety-belts, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems for occupants of power-driven vehicles; II. vehicles equipped with safety-belts, safety-belt reminders, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems and i-Size child restraint systems
No. 17	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the seats, their anchorages and any head restraints
No. 25	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of head restraints (headrests), whether or not incorporated in vehicle seats
No. 28	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of audible warning devices and of motor vehicles with regard to their audible signals
No. 32	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a rear-end collision
No. 34	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the prevention of fire risks
No. 43	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of safety glazing materials and their installation on vehicles

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 46	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of devices for indirect vision and of motor vehicles with regard to the installation of these devices
No. 48	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices
No. 64	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their equipment which may include: a temporary use spare unit, run flat tyres
No. 66	Uniform technical prescriptions concerning the approval of large passenger vehicles with regard to the strength of their superstructure
No. 94	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants in the event of a frontal collision
No. 95	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants in the event of a lateral collision
No. 100	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to specific requirements for the electric power train
No. 107	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of category M2 or M3 vehicles with regard to their general construction
No. 118	Uniform technical prescriptions concerning the burning behaviour and/or the capability to repel fuel or lubricant of materials used in the construction of certain categories of motor vehicles
No. 121	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the location and identification of hand controls, tell-tales and indicators
No. 131	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicles with regard to the Advanced Emergency Braking Systems (AEBS)
No. 135	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their Pole Side Impact performance (PSI)

Paraguay

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
No. 13	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M, N and O with regard to braking
No. 13H	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of passenger cars with regard to braking
No. 14	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to safety-belt anchorages
No. 16	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. Safety-belts, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems for occupants of power-driven vehicles II. Vehicles equipped with safety-belts, safety-belt reminders, restraint systems, child restraint systems and ISOFIX child restraint systems and i-Size child restraint systems
No. 17	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the seats, their anchorages and any head restraints
No. 22	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of protective helmets and their visors for drivers and passengers of motor cycles and mopeds
No. 25	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of head restraints (headrests), whether or not incorporated in vehicle seats
No. 44	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of restraining devices for child occupants of power-driven vehicles ("Child Restraint Systems")
No. 49	Uniform provisions concerning the measures to be taken against the emission of gaseous and particulate pollutants from compression-ignition engines and positive ignition engines for use in vehicles
No. 75	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for motor cycles and mopeds
No. 80	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of seats of large passenger vehicles and of these vehicles with regard to the strength of the seats and their anchorages
No. 83	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the emission of pollutants according to engine fuel requirements
No. 94	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants in the event of a frontal collision
No. 101	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of passenger cars powered by an internal combustion engine only, or powered by a hybrid electric power train with regard to the measurement of the emission of carbon dioxide and fuel consumption and/or the measurement of electric energy consumption and electric range, and of categories M <sub>1</sub> and N <sub>1</sub> vehicles

	powered by an electric power train only with regard to the measurement of electric energy consumption and electric range
No. 129	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of enhanced Child Restraint Systems used on board of motor vehicles (ECRS)
No. 145	Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to ISOFIX anchorage systems ISOFIX top tether anchorages and i-Size seating positions

### Uruguay

United Nations Regulation number	Title of the United Nations Regulation
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None.

LIST OF CERTIFICATES ACCEPTED  
IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 2 OF SECTION B OF ANNEX 5-B

Argentina

- (i) European Community Whole Vehicle Type Approval

For: M1, M2, N1, N2 and N3 categories of vehicles, with scope limited to active and passive vehicle safety requirements, under the conditions set out in Resolution N° 15 of 31 January 2019 of the former SECRETARÍA DE INDUSTRIA of the former MINISTERIO DE PRODUCCIÓN Y TRABAJO of Argentina and complementary acts.

- (ii) Other UN Type-approval certificates; (Placeholder for possible future amendments of this Appendix pursuant to paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 of Section B of Annex 5-B)

Brazil

None.

Paraguay

None.



## Uruguay

For each of the UN Regulations identified by Uruguay in Appendix 5-B-1, the corresponding certificates issued under the United Nations type-approval system are accepted as proof of compliance with domestic requirements. This is without prejudice to additional conformity assessment requirements that may be imposed under the domestic legislation specified below for each UN Regulation:

- (i) UN Regulations No. 13, 13H, 14, 16, 17, 25, 80, 94 and 145: Decree No. 81/014 and its amendments, regulating Law No. 19.061 of January 6, 2013, on traffic and road safety regulations.
- (ii) UN Regulations No. 44 and 129: Chapter I of Annex I of Decree No. 81/014, regulating Law No. 19.061 of January 6, 2013, on traffic and road safety regulations, as amended by Decree No. 8/024.
- (iii) UN Regulation No. 75: Decree No. 213/017, which approves the technical regulation for new motorcycle and moped tires.
- (iv) UN Regulations No. 49 and 83: Decrees No. 135/021 and 362/022, which approve and amend, respectively, the air quality regulation.
- (v) UN Regulation No. 101: Resolutions of the Ministry of Industry, Energy, and Mining dated March 17, 2023, and October 25, 2024, which define the conformity assessment procedures for the energy efficiency labelling of new vehicles.

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RECOGNITION OF ZONES, COMPARTMENTS AND PEST STATUS

1. In accordance with the provisions of Article 6.12, the exporting Party seeking recognition by the importing Party of its zones and compartments, including pest free areas or disease free areas and areas of low pest or low disease prevalence and protected zones if applicable, shall notify its request for recognition to the importing Party.
2. The Parties shall notify each other of any change in the measures specified in paragraph 1 which relate to the disease or pest. If the importing Party has requested additional guarantees, such additional guarantees may, in the light of such notification, be amended or withdrawn.
3. The notification referred to in paragraph 1 shall be accompanied by an explanation supporting the request for recognition of a zone and compartment and other supporting data setting out, in particular:
  - (a) for animal health:
    - (i) the nature of the disease and the history of its occurrence in the territory of the exporting Party;
    - (ii) the results of surveillance testing based on serological, microbiological, pathological or epidemiological investigation and the period over which the surveillance was carried out;
    - (iii) an indication as to whether it is necessary for the disease to be notified to the competent authorities;

(iv) if applicable, the period during which vaccination against the disease was prohibited and the geographical area concerned by the prohibition; and

(v) the SPS measures taken to verify the absence of the disease.

(b) for plant health:

(i) a list of regulated pests established pursuant to paragraph 10 of Article 6.10, including regulated quarantine and regulated non-quarantine pests including:

(A) regulated quarantine pests: pests of potential economic importance not known to occur within any part of the territory of the exporting Party;

(B) regulated quarantine pests: pests of potential economic importance which are present but not widely distributed in the territory of the exporting Party and are under control;

(C) regulated non-quarantine pests; and

(D) if applicable, pests not known to occur within pest free areas where legal requirements are in place to keep the pest free status (protected zones), including movement and import requirements for host plants.

4. Any change to the list of regulated quarantine and regulated non-quarantine pests established in point (b)(i) of paragraph 3 shall be based on a PRA or relevant technical information and communicated to the other Party in accordance with Article 6.11.

**BILATERAL SAFEGUARD MEASURES FOR VEHICLES CLASSIFIED  
UNDER HS HEADING 8703 AND 8704**

**SECTION A**

**DEFINITIONS**

**ARTICLE 1**

**Definitions**

For the purposes of this Annex the following definitions apply:

- (a) "bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles" means bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles classified under HS headings 8703 and 8704, as defined by this Annex.
- (b) "competent investigating authority" means:
  - (i) for the European Union, the European Commission; and

(ii) for MERCOSUR:

(A) for Argentina, the Secretaría de Industria y Comercio del Ministerio de Economía or its successor;

(B) for Brazil, the Secretaria de Comércio Exterior of the Ministério do Desenvolvimento, Indústria, Comércio e Serviços or its successor;

(C) for Paraguay, the Ministerio de Industria y Comercio or its successor; and

(D) for Uruguay, the Asesoría de Política Comercial del Ministerio de Economía y Finanzas or its successor;

(c) "domestic vehicle industry" means the producers as a whole of the like or directly competitive vehicles operating in the territory of a Party or, failing that, those whose collective output of the like or directly competitive vehicles normally constitutes more than 50 % (fifty percent) and in exceptional circumstances not less than 25 % (twenty-five percent) of the total production of such vehicles;

(d) "injury", means material injury to a domestic industry, threat of material injury to a domestic industry or material retardation of the establishment of such an industry.

(e) "interested parties" includes:

- (i) exporters or foreign producers or importers of a vehicle subject to investigation, or a trade or business association a majority of whose members are producers, exporters or importers of such vehicle;
- (ii) the government of the exporting Party; and
- (iii) producers of the like or directly competitive vehicle in the importing Party or a trade and business association a majority of whose members produces the like or directly competitive vehicle in the territory of the importing Party;

this list does not preclude the Parties from allowing domestic or foreign parties other than those mentioned above to be included as interested parties;

(f) "like or directly competitive vehicle" means:

- (i) a vehicle which is identical, meaning alike in all aspects, to the vehicle under consideration;
- (ii) another vehicle which, although not alike in all aspects, has characteristics closely resembling those of the vehicle under consideration; or
- (iii) a vehicle which directly competes within the internal market of the importing Party, given its degree of substitutability, basic physical characteristics and technical specifications, final uses and channels of distribution;

this list of factors is not exhaustive nor can one or several of these factors necessarily give decisive guidance; and

(g) "transition period" means:

- (i) 12 (twelve) years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, for vehicles for which the Tariff Elimination Schedule provided for in Annex 2-A of the Party applying the measures provides for tariff elimination in less than 10 (ten) years;
- (ii) 18 (eighteen) years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, for vehicles for which the Tariff Elimination Schedule provided for in Annex 2-A of the Party applying the measures provides for tariff elimination in 10 (ten) or 15 (fifteen) years;
- (iii) 20 (twenty) years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, for vehicles for which the Tariff Elimination Schedule provided for in Annex 2-A of the Party applying the measures provides for tariff elimination in 18 (eighteen) years; or
- (iv) 25 (twenty-five) years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, for vehicles for which the Tariff Elimination Schedule provided for in Annex 2-A of the Party applying the measures provides for tariff elimination in 25 (twenty-five) years or more.

## SECTION B

### CONDITIONS FOR APPLICATION OF BILATERAL SAFEGUARD MEASURES FOR VEHICLES CLASSIFIED UNDER HS HEADINGS 8703 AND 8704

#### ARTICLE 2

##### Application of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

1. With a view to preserving existing levels of foreign investment in the automotive sector and without prejudice to the rights and obligations referred to in Chapter 8 of this Agreement, the Parties may, in exceptional circumstances, apply bilateral safeguard measures under the conditions established in this Section if, after the date of entry into force of this Agreement, imports of vehicles classified under HS headings 8703 and 8704 under preferential terms have increased in such quantities, absolute or relative to domestic production or consumption, and under such conditions as to cause injury to the domestic industry of the like or directly competitive vehicles of the importing Party.
2. Bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles shall be applied only to the extent necessary to prevent or remedy injury.
3. Bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles shall be applied following an investigation by the competent investigating authorities of the importing Party under the procedures established in this Annex.



4. The application of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles shall not entail any means of trade compensation.

### ARTICLE 3

#### Timeframe for the application of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

A Party shall not apply, extend or maintain in force a bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles beyond the expiration of the transition period.

### ARTICLE 4

#### Conditions and limitations

1. MERCOSUR may apply bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles to imports from the European Union:

- (a) as a sole entity, provided that all requirements to determine the existence of injury being caused by the imports of a vehicle under preferential terms have been fulfilled, on the basis of conditions applied to MERCOSUR; or

(b) on behalf of one or more of the Signatory MERCOSUR States, in which case the requirements for the determination of the existence of injury being caused by the imports of a vehicle under preferential terms shall be based on the conditions prevailing in the relevant Signatory MERCOSUR State or Signatory MERCOSUR States; and the measure shall be limited to that Signatory MERCOSUR State or those Signatory MERCOSUR States. The adoption of a bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles by MERCOSUR on behalf of one or more Signatory MERCOSUR States shall not prevent another Signatory MERCOSUR State from adopting a measure regarding the same vehicle afterwards.

2. The European Union may apply bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles to imports from MERCOSUR as a sole entity or from one or more Signatory MERCOSUR States if the injury is being caused by imports of vehicle under preferential terms.

3. In case the European Union determines that a measure shall apply to MERCOSUR as a sole entity, Paraguay shall be exempted from the application of the measure, unless the result of an investigation demonstrates that the existence of injury is also being caused by imports of vehicles from Paraguay under preferential terms.

## SECTION C

### FORM AND DURATION OF BILATERAL SAFEGUARD MEASURES FOR VEHICLES CLASSIFIED UNDER HS HEADINGS 8703 AND 8704

#### ARTICLE 5

##### Form of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

1. Bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles adopted pursuant to this Annex shall consist of:
  - (a) a temporary suspension of the Tariff Elimination Schedule for the vehicle concerned provided for in Annex 2-A; or
  - (b) a temporary reduction of the tariff preference for the vehicle concerned so that the rate of customs duty does not exceed the lesser of:
    - (i) the most-favoured-nation applied rate of customs duty on the vehicle in effect at the time the measure is taken; and
    - (ii) the base rate of customs duty on the vehicle referred to in Annex 2-A.

2. In case of adoption of a bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles referred to in paragraph 1(b) of this Article, a Party should ensure that historical trade flows that do not cause injury to the domestic industry of the importing Party are preserved. The Party that applies a bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles shall establish an import quota for the product concerned within which such product continues to benefit from the agreed preference established under this Agreement. The import quota shall not be less than the average imports of the product concerned during the thirty-six (36) month-period previous to the last twelve (12) months of the period of data collection for the investigation to determine injury.

## ARTICLE 6

### Margin of preference

Upon termination of the bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles, the margin of preference shall be the one that would be applied to the vehicle in the absence of the measure under Annex 2-A.

## ARTICLE 7

### Duration of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

Bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles shall be applied only for the period necessary to prevent or remedy the injury and to facilitate adjustment of the domestic industry. That period, including the period of application of any provisional measure, shall not exceed 3 (three) years.

## ARTICLE 8

### Extension of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

1. Bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles may be extended once for a maximum period of two years, if it has been determined, in accordance with the procedures set out in this Annex, that injury would be likely to continue or recur if the measure were removed or modified. The extended measure shall not be more restrictive than it was at the end of the initial period.
2. No bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles shall be applied again to the import of a vehicle which has been subject to such a measure, unless a period of time equal to half of the total duration of the previous bilateral safeguard for vehicles has elapsed.

## SECTION D

### INVESTIGATION AND TRANSPARENCY PROCEDURES

#### ARTICLE 9

##### Investigation

1. In conducting the investigation to determine whether increased imports have caused injury to a domestic vehicle industry as referred to in Article 2 of this Annex, the competent investigating authority shall evaluate all relevant factors of an objective and quantifiable nature having a bearing on the situation of that industry, in particular the rate and amount of the increase in imports of the vehicle concerned in absolute and relative terms; the share of the domestic market taken by increased imports; and changes in the number of workers employed, installed capacity and capacity utilisation in the vehicle industry, sales, including prices, production, productivity, profits and losses. This list is not exhaustive, nor can one or several of these factors necessarily give decisive guidance.
2. The competent investigating authority shall demonstrate, on the basis of objective evidence, the existence of a causal link between increased imports of the vehicle concerned and injury. The competent investigating authority shall also evaluate all known factors other than increased imports under preferential terms of this Agreement that might be at the same time causing injury to the domestic industry. The effects of an increase in imports of the vehicles concerned from other countries shall not be attributed to the imports under preferential terms.

3. In conducting an injury investigation as referred to in paragraph 1, a competent investigating authority should collect data over a period of at least 36 (thirty-six) months ending as close to the date of the presentation of a request to initiate an investigation as is practicable.

## ARTICLE 10

### Initiation of an investigation

1. If there is sufficient *prima facie* evidence to justify such initiation, an investigation may be initiated upon request of:

(a) the domestic vehicle industry or a trade and business association acting on behalf of the domestic vehicle industry of the like or directly competitive vehicles in the importing Party;  
or

(b) one or more importing Member States of the European Union or Signatory MERCOSUR States.

2. The request to initiate an investigation shall contain at least the following information:

(a) the name and description of the imported vehicle concerned, its tariff heading and the tariff treatment in force, as well as the name and description of the like or directly competitive vehicle;

(b) the names and addresses of the producers or association that submit the request, if applicable;

- (c) if reasonably available, a list of all known producers of the like or directly competitive vehicle; and
- (d) evidence that the conditions for imposing the bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles set out in Article 2(1) of this Annex are met.

3. For the purposes of point (d) of paragraph 2, the request to initiate an investigation shall contain the following information:

- (a) the production volume of producers submitting or represented in the application and an estimation of the production of other known producers of the like or directly competitive vehicle;
- (b) the rate and amount of the increase in total and bilateral imports of the vehicle concerned in absolute and relative terms, for at least over the 36 (thirty-six) months prior to the date of the presentation of a request to initiate an investigation, for which information is available;
- (c) the level of import prices during the same period; and
- (d) if information is available, objective and quantifiable data regarding the like or directly competitive vehicle, on the volume of total production and of total sales in the internal market, inventories, prices for the internal market, productivity, capacity utilisation, employment, profits and losses, productive investment data, and market share of the requesting firms or of those represented in the request, for at least the last 36 (thirty-six) months previous to the presentation of the request, for which information is available.



## ARTICLE 11

### Confidential information

Article 9.12 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

## ARTICLE 12

### Timeframe for the investigation

Article 9.13 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

## ARTICLE 13

### Transparency

Article 9.14 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

## SECTION E

### PROVISIONAL BILATERAL SAFEGUARD MEASURES FOR VEHICLES CLASSIFIED UNDER HS HEADINGS 8703 AND 8704

#### ARTICLE 14

##### Provisional bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

1. In critical circumstances where delay may cause damage which would be difficult to repair, a Party, after due notification, may take a provisional bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles pursuant to a preliminary determination that there is clear evidence that imports under preferential terms have increased and that such imports have caused injury. The duration of the provisional measure shall not exceed 270 (two hundred and seventy) days, during which period the requirements of this Annex shall be met. If the final determination concludes that there was no injury to the domestic industry caused by imports under preferential terms, the increased tariff or provisional guarantee, if collected or imposed under provisional measures, shall be promptly refunded, in accordance with the domestic regulation of the relevant Party.
2. Provisional bilateral safeguard measure for vehicles shall not be taken against Paraguay, unless the result of the preliminary determination pursuant to paragraph 1 demonstrates that the existence of injury is also being caused by imports of vehicles from Paraguay under preferential terms.

## SECTION F

### PUBLIC NOTICE

#### ARTICLE 15

Public notice on the initiation of an investigation

Article 9.16 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

#### ARTICLE 16

Public notice on the application of bilateral safeguard measures for vehicles

Article 9.17 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

## SECTION G

### NOTIFICATIONS AND CONSULTATIONS

#### ARTICLE 17

##### Notifications

Article 9.18 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

#### ARTICLE 18

##### Consultations

Article 9.19 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

## SECTION H

### OUTERMOST REGIONS OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

#### ARTICLE 19

##### Outermost Regions of the European Union

Article 9.20 of this Agreement applies *mutatis mutandis* to this Annex.

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